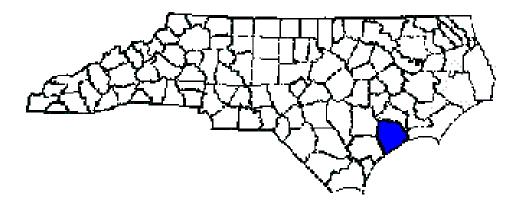
## **ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2009**



Stella Bridge Mitigation Site Onslow County TIP No. B-2938



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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUM	MARY		1
1.0	INTR	ODUCTION	2
	1.1	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	2
	1.2	PURPOSE	2
	1.3	PROJECT HISTORY	2
2.0	HYD	ROLOGY	4
	2.1	SUCCESS CRITERIA	4
	2.2	HYDROLOGIC DESCRIPTION	4
	2.3	RESULTS OF HYDROLOGIC MONITORING	4
		2.3.1 Site Data	4
		2.3.2 Climatic Data	4
	2.4	CONCLUSIONS	5
3.0	VEG	ETATION	6
	3.1	SUCCESS CRITERIA	6
	3.2	DESCRIPTION OF SPECIES	6
	3.3	RESULTS OF VEGETATION MONITORING	7
	3.4	CONCLUSIONS	8
4.0	OVE	RALL CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS	. 8

## **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure 1.	Site Location Map	3
Figure 2.	Monitoring Gauge Location Map	5
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table 1.	Vegetative Monitoring Results (Marsh Areas)	7
	<u>APPENDICES</u>	
APPEND	IX A GAUGE DATA GRAPHS	

APPENDIX B PHOTO AND VEGETATION PLOT LOCATIONS, SITE PHOTOS

#### **SUMMARY**

The following report summarizes the monitoring activities that have occurred in the 2009-year at the Stella Mitigation Site. The 2009-year represents the fourth year of hydrology and vegetation monitoring following construction. The site must demonstrate hydrologic and vegetation success for a minimum of five years or until the site is deemed successful. The site was constructed to serve as mitigation for future impacts in the White Oak River Basin.

The site must be monitored for five years following site construction or until success criteria are met. The success of the marsh vegetation component of the wetland site will be determined in accordance with National Marine Fisheries Service guidelines. The site is monitored with thirty vegetation plots and four surface water monitoring gauges.

In March 2006, four surface water gauges were installed to monitor hydrology on the site. Two of the surface gauges were positioned in the restoration portion of the mitigation site. Two surface gauges were installed as reference gauges within the adjacent preservation area.

Hydrologic success criteria is based on the approved mitigation plan and requires the establishment of hydrologic conditions comparable in hydrologic frequency and duration to those of the existing reference wetlands adjacent to the areas being restored. Hydrographs from the gauges in the reference marsh will then be compared to those in the restored marsh as a component of the annual monitoring report. The 2009-year represents the fourth year of hydrologic monitoring for the Stella Bridge Site. The two surface water monitoring gauges showed periods of inundation similar to that of the two reference gauges during the 2009 monitoring year

For the vegetation monitoring for the marsh grass area, the target species and scale values were 93.3% and 4.7, respectively.

Based on the results from the fourth year of monitoring, NCDOT proposes to discontinue hydrologic and vegetation monitoring at the Stella Bridge Mitigation Site.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The site was constructed to serve as mitigation for future impacts in the White Oak River Basin. The Stella Bridge site is located adjacent to the newly constructed bridge over the White Oak River on SR 1101 in Carteret County and SR 1442 in Onslow County (see Figure 1). As a component of the project, the existing causeway was removed and the area graded to the elevation of the adjacent wetland. Within the project area, a brackish marsh lies along the southern and western bank of the White Oak River. Existing marsh vegetation primarily consists of big cordgrass (*Spartina cynosuroides*), black needle rush (*Juncus roemerianus*) and saltmeadow cordgrass (*Spartina patens*) along the edges of the causeway. An occasional Eastern red cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*), wax myrtle (*Myrica cerifera*), and yaupon holly (*Ilex vomitoria*) exist throughout the marsh.

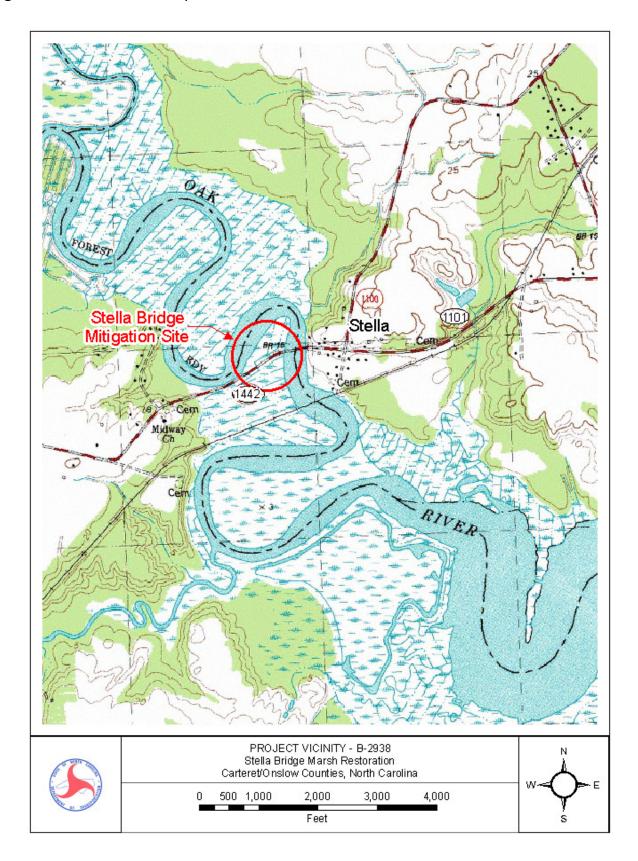
#### 1.2 Purpose

In order to demonstrate successful mitigation, hydrologic and vegetation monitoring must be conducted for a minimum of five years or until the site is deemed successful. Vegetation success criteria are based on the National Marine Fisheries Service guidelines. Hydrologic success criteria is based on the approved mitigation plan and requires the establishment of hydrologic conditions comparable in hydrologic frequency and duration to those of the existing reference wetlands adjacent to the areas being restored. Hydrographs from the gauges in the reference marsh will then be compared to those in the restored marsh as a component of the annual monitoring report. Included in this report are analyses of hydrologic and vegetation-monitoring results and site photographs.

#### 1.3 Project History

1		
Site Constructed		
Monitoring Gauges Installed		
Site Planted		
Marsh Vegetation Monitoring (Year 1)		
Hydrologic Monitoring (Year 1)		
Marsh Vegetation Monitoring (Year 2)		
Hydrologic Monitoring (Year 2)		
Marsh Vegetation Monitoring (Year 3)		
Hydrologic Monitoring (Year 3)		
Marsh Vegetation Monitoring (Year 4)		
Hydrologic Monitoring (Year4)		

Figure 1. Site Location Map



#### 2.0 HYDROLOGY

#### 2.1 Success Criteria

The hydrologic success criteria is based on the approved mitigation plan and requires the establishment of hydrologic conditions comparable in hydrologic frequency and duration to those of the existing reference wetlands adjacent to the areas being restored. Hydrographs from the gauges in the reference marsh will then be compared to those in the restored marsh as a component of the annual monitoring report.

#### 2.2 Hydrologic Description

Hydrologic monitoring occurs throughout the growing season in the restoration area by using surface water gauges. Two surface water gauges were placed in the restored Brackish Marsh area. Two surface water gauges were placed in the reference Brackish Marsh area located within the project area. Hydrologic success criteria was based on the establishment of hydrologic conditions comparable in hydrologic frequency and duration to those of the existing reference wetlands. The surface water gauges record surface water levels every three hours. Monitoring data for 2009 represents the fourth year of hydrologic monitoring for the site.

#### 2.3 Results of Hydrologic Monitoring

#### 2.3.1 Site Data

Groundwater monitoring was not required as a component of the Stella Bridge mitigation site. Only surface water monitoring gauges were installed per the permit conditions. Appendix A includes graphs of the data recorded at each surface water gauge. Both of the surface gauges as well as the two reference gauges show that the site is demonstrating frequent periods of inundation.

#### 2.3.2 Climatic Data

Precipitation is not the primary hydrologic input for this site and was not included in this report. It is expected that the site would show the required periods of inundation regardless of area rainfall totals.

#### 2.4 Conclusions

The 2009-year represents the fourth year of hydrologic monitoring for the Stella Mitigation Site. Both of the surface water gauges indicated inundation patterns similar to that of reference gauges.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue hydrologic monitoring at the Stella Bridge Mitigation Site.

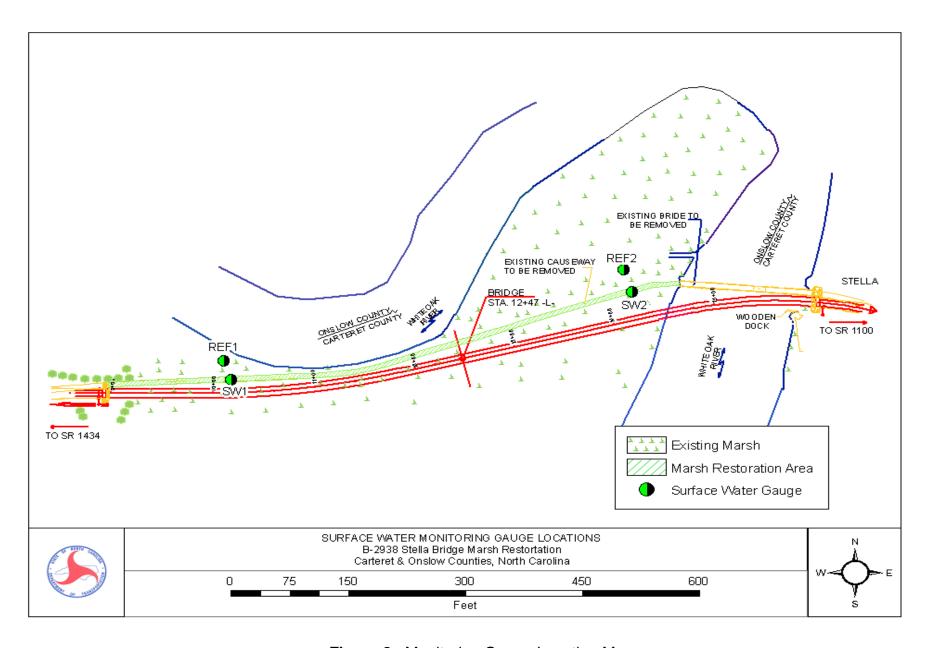


Figure 2. Monitoring Gauge Location Map

## 3.0 VEGETATION: STELLA BRIDGE MITIGATION SITE (YEAR 4 MONITORING)

#### 3.1 Success Criteria

The vegetative marsh success of the wetland site will be determined in accordance with NMFS Guidelines. Monitoring plots found to be located within the open water channel will not be evaluated and will not count toward the final count of plots. The vegetation component of the wetland site will be deemed successful if the following criteria are met:

- 1. At year five, the average of all plots should have a scale value of 5 (>75% vegetative cover) consisting of wetland herbaceous species, not including any invasive species.
- 2. A minimum of 70% of the plots shall contain the target (planted) species.

#### 3.2 Description of Species

The following marsh grass species were planted in the Wetland Restoration Area:

Spartina cynosuroides, Big Cordgrass

Spartina patens, Saltmeadow Cordgrass

Juncus roemerianus, Black Needle Rush

### 3.3 Results of Vegetation Monitoring

 Table 1. Vegetative Monitoring Results

Plot#	Scale Factor	Spartina cynosuroides	Spartina patens	Juncus roemerianus	Frequency	Comments (other species noted)
1	5.0					
2	5.0					
3	5.0					Saltgrass
4	5.0					Saltgrass
5	5.0					
6	3.0					Saltgrass
7	5.0					
8	5.0					
9	2.0					Baccharis, Saltgrass
10	5.0					
11	4.0					
12	5.0					Saltgrass
13	5.0					
14	5.0					Saltgrass
15	5.0					
16	5.0					
17	5.0					
18	5.0					
19	5.0					Black Willow
20	5.0					Scripus sp.
21	5.0					
22	5.0					Saltgrass
23	5.0					Saltgrass
24	4.0					Baccharis, Saltgrass, Pennywort
25	5.0					
26	5.0					Saltgrass
27	5.0					
28	2.0					Baccharis, Saltgrass
29	5.0					Saltgrass
30	5.0					
F						
Frequency (Percentage of Plots	5				00.007	
with Desired Species)					93.3%	
Sum Scale Value					140.0	
Total Number of Plots	<u> </u>				30	
Vegetative Cover (Scale Value	)				4.7	

#### 3.4 Conclusions

Percent Frequency of Target Species 93.3 % Frequency of 70% required.

Vegetative Cover Scale Value 4.7

Scale Value of 5 required for year 5.

The site was planted in May 2006. Planted vegetation is surviving and spreading throughout the site. Frequency and coverage are on track for year four.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue vegetation monitoring at the Stella Bridge Mitigation Site.

#### 4.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The 2009-year represents the fourth year of hydrologic monitoring for the Stella Bridge Mitigation Site. The two surface water restoration gauges were compared to the two reference gauges. Both of the surface water gauges indicated inundation patterns similar to that of reference gauges.

For the vegetation monitoring in the marsh grass area, the target species and scale values were 93.3% and 4.7, respectively. Frequency and coverage are on track for the fourth year of monitoring.

NCDOT proposes to discontinue hydrologic and vegetation monitoring at the Stella Bridge Mitigation Site.

## APPENDIX A

**GAUGE DATA GRAPHS** 

### **APPENDIX B**

PHOTO AND VEGETATION PLOT LOCATIONS, SITE PHOTOS

# Stella Bridge





Photo 1 Photo 2





Photo 3 Photo 4

